



DEPARTAMENTO SEGURIDAD OPERACIONAL
SUBDEPARTAMENTO LICENCIAS

EXAMEN DE SISTEMAS PARA HABILITACIÓN DE TIPO

“BEECHCRAFT SUPER KING AIR B350 ER”

“INVERSIONES PUNTA BRAVA”

(Abril 2026)

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

1.

- 1.- **The cabin entry AIR STAIR DOOR is secured for flight by which of the following devices?**
 - a) 4 micro-switches and 4 bayonet pin latching bolts.
 - b) 4 micro-switches and 2 upper door latching hooks.
 - c) 4 bayonet pin latching bolts and 2 upper door latching hooks.
 - d) 6 rotating hollow crescent latches.

- 2.- **Compliance with which graph shows the aircraft can accelerate to V1, lose an engine, and climb as certified?**
 - a) Accelerate-Go.
 - b) Take-off Field Length.
 - c) Close-in Take-off Flight Path.
 - d) Maximum Take-off Weight to Achieve Take-off Climb.

- 3.- **When must you comply with the Maximum Take-off Weight to Achieve to Take-off Climb Requirements Graft?**
 - a) At any Take-off weight.
 - b) At Take-off weight above 12,500 lbs.
 - c) At Take-off weight above 13,500 lbs.
 - d) None of the above.

- 4.- **Testing the FIRE DETECTION system checks which of the following components?**
 - a) The physical integrity of the sensing tube.
 - b) The operational status of the responder unit.
 - c) Electrical continuity in the sensor system.
 - d) All of the above.

- 5.- **Which of the following conditions is required to illuminate a [FIRE WARNING] annunciation?**
 - a) A nacelle fuel tank fire.
 - b) An over-temp condition.
 - c) An ITT exceeding 110°C.
 - d) Any temperature above 300°C.

- 6.- Before you can discharge the FIRE EXTINGUISHER, which condition must first be met?**
- a) Firewall Fuel Valve button pushed.
 - b) Firewall Fuel Valve Closed.
 - c) [FIRE WARNING] annunciator illuminated.
 - d) All of the above.
- 7.- The engine accessory section is driven by which of the following?**
- a) The N1 shaft.
 - b) The N2 shaft.
 - c) The starter shaft.
 - d) The power turbine shaft.
- 8.- Which of the following statements best describes fuel flow indication?**
- a) The fuel flow gauges are DC powered.
 - b) The gauges indicate fuel flow out of the nacelle tank:
 - c) The gauges indicate fuel flow to the high pressure fuel pump.
 - d) The gauges indicate fuel flow through the engine driver boost pump.
- 9.- Which engine gauges will continue to indicate with a total electrical failure?**
- a) ITT, Fuel Flow, Prop RPM.
 - b) ITT, N1 RPM, Prop RPM.
 - c) Torque, Fuel Flow, Oil, Pressure Temperature.
 - d) None of the gauges.
- 10.- OIL IN THE PT6A-60A ENGINE PERFORMS WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS?**
- a) Engine lubrication; feather the prop; heat the fuel.
 - b) Feather the prop; heat the fuel; provide torque indication.
 - c) Engine lubrication; feather the prop; provide torque indication.
 - d) Engine lubrication; heat the fuel; provide torque indication.

11.- WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF HAVING A FLIGHT LOW PITCH STOP SETTING?

- a) To prevent excessive propeller RPM.
- b) To prevent excessive propeller drag in flight.
- c) To keep the propeller speed above 1050 RPM.
- d) To prevent the propeller from feathering when the power levers are retarded.

12.- AN ILLUMINED [PROP PITCH] ANNUNCIATOR INDICATES WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.

- a) The REVERSE power range is ready for use.
- b) The pilot has selected the GROUND LOW PITCH setting.
- c) The aircraft weight is felt on the right main gear safety switch.
- d) The propeller blade angle has decreased below the low pitch stop.

13.- THE PURPOSE OF THE GROUND LOW PITCH STOP IS BEST DESCRIBED BY WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS?

- a) Prevents excessive thrust in flight and allows the prop to feather after engine shutdown.
- b) Prevents excessive thrust on the ground and keeps prop rpm above the resonance range.
- c) Keeps prop rpm below 1050 rpm and prevents excessive thrust on the ground.
- d) Keeps prop rpm above the resonance range and prevents prop feathering after engine shutdown.

14.- WHAT ACTIONS IS INITIATED BY THE FUEL TOPPING GOVERNOR TO LIMIT PROP RPM?

- a) P3 air pressure is reduce to the fuel control.
- b) Fuel pressure is used to reduce propeller blade angle.
- c) The pilot valve is opened to reduce oil pressure in the propeller dome.
- d) The beta valve is opened to increase oil pressure to the propeller dome.

15.- WHICH QUANTITY IS INDICATED WHEN THE FUEL QUANTITY SWITCH IS IN THE CENTER POSITION?

- a) Fuel quantity in the wings.
- b) Fuel quantity in the aircraft.
- c) Fuel quantity in the AUX TANKS.
- d) Fuel quantity in the MAIN TANKS.

16.- ILUMINATION OF A [FUEL QUANTITY] ANNUNCIATOR INDICATES WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS?

- a) There is less than 265 lbs. of fuel remaining.
- b) The main fuel tank indicators have reached the yellow arc on the gauge.
- c) There is less than 30 minutes of fuel remaining at cruise power setting.
- d) There is less than 30 minutes of fuel remaining at max. continuous power setting.

17.- WITH FUEL IN THE AUXILIARY FUEL TANK. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS IS ASSURED WHEN THE [NO FUEL TRANSFER] ANNUNCIATOR EXTINGUISHES AFTER ENGINE START?

- a) Fuel is being drawn from the wing tanks.
- b) Nothing until the Standby Boost Pump is turned on.
- c) Fuel is being transferred from the nacelle tank to the auxiliary tank.
- d) The motive flow valve has opened and there is fuel pressure in the motive flow line.

18.- WHAT ARE THE FUNCTIONS OF THE STANDBY BOOST PUMP?

- a) Provide Motive Flow Pressure in the event of engine driven boost pump failure.
- b) Provide fuel to the FCU in the event of high-pressure fuel pump failure.
- c) Crossfeed fuel from one side of the aircraft to the opposite engine.
- d) A and C.

19.- ILUMINATION OF THE GREEN [CROSSFEED] ANNUNCIATOR INDICATES WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS?

- a) The Crossfeed Valve is open.
- b) The Crossfeed system has been selected.
- c) Fuel is being pumped to the opposite engine.
- d) Fuel is being transferred from the auxiliary tank to the nacelle tank.

20.- IS THE GENERATOR BUS TIES WERE MANUALLY CLOSED BEFORE ENGINE START, WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS WOULD EXTINGUISH THE [MAN TIES CLOSED] ANNUNCIATOR AFTER START?

- a) Placing a generator on line.
- b) Applying external power to the aircraft.
- c) Placing the GEN TIES SWITCH in the OFF position.
- d) Selecting the BUS SENSE SWITCH to RESET momentarily.

21.- WHICH STATEMENT IS TRUE IF THE STARTER SWITCH WAS LEFT ON FOR A FEW MINUTES AFTER ENGINE START?

- a) The starter must be replaced withing 10 hours.
- b) The starter limitations have all been exceeded.
- c) The starter should be inspected as soon as possible.
- d) The starter switch should be moved to the OFF position and the generator placed on line.

22.- WHICH STATEMENT IS TRUE CONCERNING A DUAL GENERATOR LOAD SHED SITUATION?

- a) Items with a white circle around their switch are inoperable.
- b) Items with a white circle around their switch are operable.
- c) Co-pilot panel circuit breakers located along a white line are operable.
- d) Co-pilot panel circuit breakers located along a white line are inoperable.

23.- WITH OAT GREATER THAN 10°. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SWITCH POSITIONS IS REQUIRED FOR TAKE-OFF?

- a) ENVIR BLEED AIR -LOW.
- b) ENVIR BLEED AIR - NORM.
- c) BLEED AIR VALVES - OPEN.
- d) BLEED AIR VALVES – ENVIRO OFF.

24.- SELECTING DUMP WITH THE CABIN PRESS SWITCH AL FL200 WILL CAUSE WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING TO OCCUR?

- a) Cabin altitude climbs rapidly to 20.000 feet.
- b) The ram air door opens to dump cabin pressure.
- c) Cabin altitude climbs to approximately 13.500 feet.
- d) The pressurization flow pack environmental valve closes.

25.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS WILL OCCUR IF THE CABIN PRESS SWITCH IS INADVERTENTLY MOVED FROM PRESS POSITION TO THE TEST POSITION IN FLIGHT?

- a) Nothing.
- b) The cabin altitude will climb at a rate equal to 6.6 psid.
- c) The airstair door will inflate and the CABIN PRESET SOLENOID will open.
- d) The cabin will be driven into a descent to test pressurization.

26.- AT WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ALTITUDES WILL THE RED WARNING ANNUNCIATOR ILLUMINATE TO SHOW RISING CABIN ALTITUDE?

- a) 10,000 Ft.
- b) 12,000 Ft.
- c) 12,500 FT.
- d) 13,500 Ft.

27.- THE MAXIMUM ZERO FUEL WEIGHT OF THE AIRCRAFT IS?

- a) 12,500 Lb.
- b) 13,000 Lb.
- c) 15.500 Lb.
- d) 15,600 Lb.

28.- THE MAXIMUM LANDING WEIGHT OF THE AIRCRAFT IS?

- a) 15,675 Lb.
- b) 15,000 Lb.
- c) 15,600 Lb.
- d) 13,000 Lb.

29.- THE ENVIRONMENT FLOW CONTROL PACKS PROVIDE AIR TO THE CABIN FOR WHAT PURPOSE?

- a) Side window defogging.
- b) Pressurization.
- c) Environmental temperature control.
- d) B and C.

30.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS WILL DEPLOY THE FIRST AID OXYGEN MASK?

- a) When the cabin altitude exceeds 12,000 feet.
- b) When the cabin altitude exceeds 12,500 feet.
- c) When the overhead access door is manually pulled opened.
- d) When the Passenger Manual Dropout Handle is pulled.

31.- WHAT IS THE APPROXIMATE USEABLE O2 DURATION IN CRUISE AT FL230, ISA +31 C WITH 8 PASSENGERS, 2 PILOTS AND A 77 FT O2 BOTTLE READING 1300 PSI?

- a) 22 minutes.
- b) 28 minutes.
- c) 32 minutes.
- d) 36 minutes.

32.- WHAT WILL PNEUMATIC AIR SUPPLIES PRESSURE TO ACCOMPLISH WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING TASKS?

- a) Inflate the Surface De-Ice boots.
- b) Operate the Brake De-Ice system.
- c) Determine when the Rudder Boost should activate.
- d) Illuminate the [BLEED AIR] warning lights.

33.- WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF THE 18 PSI REGULATOR IN THE PNEUMATIC AND VACUUM SYSTEM FAILS TO THE RELIEF MODE?

- a) The pneumatic pressure will be approximately 21 PSI.
- b) The cabin attitude will climb at approximately 1800 to 2500 feet per minute.
- c) The Schrader Valves in the Outflow and Safety Valves will prevent excessive pressurization.
- d) The Airstair Door Seal will deflate, and the pressurization controller will fail.

34.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSES THE RUDDER BOOST TO ACTIVE WITH AN ENGINE FAILURE?

- a) Difference between left and right engine unregulated pneumatic air.
- b) Difference between left and right engine environmental air.
- c) Difference between left and right engine torque.
- d) Difference left and right engine 18 psi regulated pneumatic air.

35.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING INDICATES A SUCCESSFUL RUDDER BOOST TEST?

- a) Left Power Lever forward, Right Rudder Pedal forward.
- b) Right Power Level forward, Left Rudder Pedal forward
- c) Right Power Lever forward, Right Rudder Pedal forward.
- d) Left Power Lever forward, [RUDDER BOOST] annunciator illuminated.

36.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SYSTEMS ARE REQUIRED TO BE ACTIVATED DURING FLIGHT IN ICING CONDITIONS?

- a) Auto-Ignition and Windshield Heat.
- b) Auto-Ignition, Prop De-Ice and Windshield Heat.
- c) Auto-Ignition and Engine Anti-Ice Vanes.
- d) Prop De-Ice and Engine Anti-Ice Vanes.

37.- UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS SHOULD THE ENGINE ANTI-ICE VANES BE EXTENDED?

- a) All ground operations.
- b) + 5°C ambient temperature in visible moisture.
- c) + 5°C IOAT in visible moisture.
- d) A and B.

38.- WHAT IS THE MAXIMUM APPROACH FLAP EXTENSION SPEED?

- a) 166 KIAS.
- b) 202 KIAS.
- c) 158 KIAS.
- d) The small white triangle on the airspeed indicator.

39.- AFTER A FULL-FLAPS LANDING, THE FLAP HANDLE IS RAISED TO THE APPROACH POSITION. WHAT WILL THE FLAPS DO?

- a) The flaps will not move.
- b) The flaps will retract and stop at the approach position.
- c) The flaps will fully retract and then extend to the approach position.
- d) The flaps will move as selected unless the flap position transducer is inoperative.

40.- WHICH OF THE LISTED POWER SOURCES ARE REQUIRED TO OPERATE THE LANDING GEAR SYSTEM?

- a) Left Generator and Triple Fed Bus.
- b) Right Generator and Triple Fed Bus.
- c) Center and Triple Fed Bus.
- d) Center Bus only.

41.- AFTER THE LANDING GEAR HANDLE IS MOVED UP, WHAT MUST ALSO HAPPEN TO BEGIN THE RETRACTION SEQUENCE?

- a) [HYD FLUID LOW] annunciator extinguished and weight off the left landing gear safety switch.
- b) [HYD FLUID LOW] annunciator extinguished and weight off the right Landing Gear Safety Switch.
- c) Weight must be off the left and right Landing Gear Safety Switches.
- d) Weight must be off all three-landing gear.

42.- IF NORMAL LANDING GEAR EXTENSION IS ATTEMPTED WITH A [HYD FLUID LOW] ANNUNCIATOR ILLUMINATED, WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SCENARIOS WILL MOST LIKELY OCCUR?

- a) The landing gear motor will not operate.
- b) Use of the standby (manual) reservoir may render the brakes inoperative.
- c) The landing gear may not fully extend without the use of the manual hand pump.
- d) The landing gear will extend normally but the manual extension system will not work.

43.- WITH ONLY TWO GREEN LANDING GEAR INDICATORS ILLUMINATED, WHICH INDICATIONS REINFORCE THE PROBABILITY THAT ALL GEAR ARE DOWN AND LOCKED?

- a) [HYD FLUID LOW] and [RVS NOT READY] annunciators extinguished.
- b) [HYD FLUID LOW] annunciator is extinguished and the landing gear Warning Horn does not sound with flaps at FULL.
- c) [RVS NOT READY] annunciator is extinguished and the Gear Handle Red Light remains extinguished with power levers below 86° N1.
- d) The landing gear Warning Horn does not sound when flaps are fully extended, and the Gear Handle Red Light remains extinguished with power levers below 86% N1.

44.- WHICH STATEMENT IS TRUE REGARDING THE TWO EXIT LIGHTS MOUNTED IN THE CABIN HEADLINER?

- a) The lights are activated by the Instrument Emergency Light switch.
- b) Each light is powered only by a set of internal flashlight type batteries.
- c) The lights are activated by the Cabin Entry Threshold Lights switch.
- d) Each light has 2 light sources and can be activated by a rapid deceleration.

45.- WHAT IS THE REASON FOR NOT HOLDING STEADY PRESSURE ON THE INBOARD BRAKE PEDAL WHILE TURNING?

- a) It may cause excessive rudder deflection.
- b) It may roll the outboard tires off the rims.
- c) It may induce a twisting action on the strut, inflicting serious damage.
- d) It may distort the soft metal block on the rear of the nosewheel strut.

46.- IF THE PILOT'S PITOT TUBE BECOMES COMPLETELY BLOCKED AT ROTATION. WHAT WOULD BE TRUE DURING THE CLIMB?

- a) The indicated airspeed will increase.
- b) The indicate airspeed will decrease.
- c) The indicate airspeed will continuously read the speed of rotation.
- d) The Air Data Computer will compensate for changes in the airspeed indication.

47.- WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS IS TRUE WHEN SELECTING ALTERNATE STATIC AIR SOURCE?

- a) The aircraft is approximately 7 knots faster and 70 feet lower than indicated.
- b) The aircraft is approximately 7 knots faster and 70 feet higher than indicated.
- c) The aircraft is approximately 7 knots slower and 70 feet lower than indicate.
- d) The aircraft is approximately 7 knots slower and 70 feet higher than indicated.

48.- WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES THE AVIONICS SYSTEM RESPONSE TO A LOSS OF TRIPLE FED BUS POWER?

- a) COMM 1 and NAV1 will be inoperative.
- b) Pulling the avionics circuit breaker will restore operation of all radios.
- c) Selecting AUDIO EMER will restore operation of all radios.
- d) All radios will be inoperative except for the GROUND COMM backup function.

49.- THE FLIGHT DIRECTOR "GA" FUNCTION WILL INDICATE APPROXIMATELY?

- a) Seven degrees of pitch.
- b) Nine degrees of pitch.
- c) Five degrees of pitch.
- d) Four degrees of pitch.

50.- IF THE AVIONICS MASTER POWER SWITCH SHOULD FAIL IN THE OFF POSITION, WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED TO APPLY POWER TO THE AIRCRAFT AVIONICS SYSTEM?

- a) Pull the AVIONICS MASTER POWER circuit breaker.
- b) Pull the pilot's and copilot's AUDIO circuit breaker.
- c) Depress the GROUND COMM switch to restore power.
- d) Select AUDIO EMER on the Avionics Control Panel.